Phase 3

Day 1

06/03/2023

Creating maven project through command prompt

mvn archetype:generate

after type it will ask for the user to enter the information.

Please hit enter key.

After it will ask to version of the project

It will ask groupid : groupname

It will ask artifactiid : projectname

It will ask project version : here hit enter key

Package name : com

Then it will ask to create the project as Y.

After enter Y it will create simple maven project.

Maven GOAL

mvn validate : it check pom.xml file and verify all tags are correct or wrong.

mvn compile : this command is use to compile the project and it will create target folder. This folder contains all .class and build and files.

mvn clean : it will remove target folder.

mvn package : it will help to create jar or war file. (jar file for core java project and war file for web project).

Jar for core java project which contains .class file

War for web application which contains servlet, jsp, xml, html, css and javascript etc. which we need to deploy on server.

Testing : Testing is use to find the defect or error or bugs in the application.

MVC

To run out application layer without main method is known as testing.

Service Layer :

Testing : mainly divided into 2 types.

Block box testing

Input Process output

White box testing

Input Process Output

Unit Testing : Unit testing is a type of white box testing which help to test function functionality working or not. Unit is smallest work which work independently. Ie inside method or function or modules.

jUnit is open source light weighted framework which help to do unit testing using Java technologies.

Test NG (next generation): it use for unit testing as well as integration testing.

nUnit : for .net

Jasmine : for HTML,CSS,JavaScript as well as Angular

React Js : JEST

Node JS : Mocha with Chai as well as Jasmine.

jUnit : 3.x (without annotation)

4.x with annotation

5.x with annotation with combination of more than one third party framework with Java8 features.

Test case : In Java test case is a type of junit test case class which contains more than one test function which help to test function functionality working or not.

We need to create normal java class with method with annotation as @Test.

Test suite :

Junit provided lot of pre defined assertXXX type of method which help to check expected and actual output.

jUnit hook :

4 hook we can use

@BeforeClass

@AfterClass

@Before

@After

Test Suite : It is a type of test class which is responsible to execute more than one test case class.

Mvn test : command is use to test through maven through command prompt.

Phase 3

Day 2

06/04/2023

Spring Framework

Framework : Framework contains set of API (Application Programming Interface). Like it contains set of classes and interfaces which internally connected to each other to do specific task.

Design pattern : Best practise or solution for repeating problem.

The implementation of all design pattern is taken care by framework. If we develop any application using any framework indirectly we are following standard. Framework do 70 to 80% task of our project or application. But framework is not final product it a protocol or template.

.net framework. Which support more than 45 language like C#, Asp.net Vb, J# etc.

Java technologies

Java open source framework.

Struts : Struts is an open source web framework provided by apache. Struts internally follow MVC architecture. It provided lot of API to improve controller layer, view layer and model layer. It internally follow Front Controller design pattern. Struts is known as Controller centric framework.

JSF : Java Server Faces : JSF is an open source web framework provided by oracle. JSF is replacement of JSP. JSF internally follow MVC design pattern. Provided lot of api to improve view layer, controller layer and model layer. It internally follow front controller design pattern. JSF is known as View Centric framework.

JSF Vs Angular or React JS

Hibernate : Hibernate is an ORM framework (Object Relation Mapping). Hibernate is replacement of JDBC. Using Hibernate or JPA(Java Persistence API) we can improve DAO Layer.

Spring framework : Spring is an open source layer or module architecture framework. Spring provided lot of modules or layer to improve all types of application. Spring is light weighted framework.

Spring modules

Spring core

Spring context

Spring MVC : spring mvc internally follow mvc design pattern. Provided lot of api to improve controller, mode and view layer. Spring MVC is known as Model Centric framework.

JEE

Servlet Controller

JSP View

EJB Model

EJB Vs Spring MVC

Spring REST

Spring DAO

Spring ORM with Hibernate or JPA

Spring security

Spring boot

Spring cloud

Spring micro service

Etc

JEE : MVC project with View as HTML /JSP and Controller is servlet.

JSP and Servlet object creation taken care by container.

Model layer object we are creating explicitly. Means Login bean, LoginService and LoginDao.

To improve model layer we use EJB.

So if we give model layer to EJB developer then can maintain the model layer properly.

If we want to run ejb program we need to ejb container. EJB container is a part of application server.

EJB is very weighted components.

Spring Framework

IOC : Inversion of control : IOC is a concept or programming design pattern. According to IOC in place of creating or maintaining any resource like object creation, security, database connectivity explicitly allow to create or maintain by container. If container create then it will maintain properly rather than once. You need to pull from container whenever you required use it and leave it.

DI : Dependency Injection

DI is a implementation of IOC. We can achieve DI using

Constructor base

Setter base

To do di using constructor base or setter we need to configure using XML or annotation.

SpringDIUsingXML

Web container will create the object of that class if class extends type of servlet or file must be jsp.

EJB container will create or maintain the object if class is type ejb.

Spring framework create the object of normal java class ie POJO. (Plain Old Java Object).

The class not to extends or implements any special class normal class ie JavaBean class.

If container create the object using xml by default it consider as singleton.

If you want each time new memory whenever we pull using id then we need to scope as

Prototype.

To achieve setter base di in pojo class we need to write mandatory setter method.

Constructor base DI support only fully dependency

Ie default constructor or parameter constructor with number of parameter and type of parameter must be match.

Setter base constructor support fully dependencies as well as partial dependencies.

Auto wiring

By default spring framework (spring container) do the di for primitive property with default value. If class contains complex property then we need to do explicitly to do di using property ref or constructor-args ref. Rather than doing explicitly di for complex property we can use auto wired features. Auto wired is spring framework features it automatically do the di for complex property implicitly rather than explicitly.

To do autowired using xml we need to set autowired with different values.

byType : if we set byType spring container scan whole xml file to check type of bean definition in xml file.

If we use byType in xml file we need to provide only one bean definition of that type.

If we write more than one bean definition of that type then we need to use byName.

In byName reference name in bean class and id name must be match.

Spring DI Using annotation

@Component : this annotation we need to write on pojo or java bean class.

@Autowired : this annotation we need to use on complex property.

By default @Component annotation is not enable so we need to enable using

Xml file

Using java class.

@Value annotation : this annotation to set default value for property

Spring Framework with JDBC (improve dao, service and resource layer)

Dependencies added

Core

Context

Jdbc

Mysql connector

Spring framework provided pre defined class

Ie DriverManagerDataSource part of spring jdbc dependencies

This class is responsible to provide database connection in secure manner with

Singletone features.

@Component :Generic annotation which we use on normal class

@Repository : This annotation we use on dao layer. This is dao layer specific annotation.

@Service : this annotation we use on service layer.

Spring provided JdbcTemplate :

JdbcTemplate is a pre defined API provided by Spring Framework which internally

wrap core JDBC Code and provided set of methods which help to improve dao layer.

Git pull

You are in master/main

git branch springdao

git checkout springdao

git checkout master/main

git merge springdao (everything merge in master).

git pull conflict

git branch -D springdao

Dev1

Dev2 shared repository

Dev3

Limitation of JDBC or JdbcTemplate

1. Using JDBC we can’t store and we can’t retrieve java object. We need to convert

Query to java object and vice-versa.

1. JDBC use SQL language . SQL is database dependent language. When we use from one database to another database like mysql to oracle query get changed.
2. Jdbc throw checked exception. Exception hierarchy in Jdbc is database dependents.
3. JDBC doesn’t support relationship. Like is a (inheritance ) has a (aggregation and composition).

ORM : Object Relation Mapping

According to ORM in Programming side object (bean class) and database table (relation) and we are doing mapping.

Object Table

class Product { Product

pid,pname,price PId,PName,Price

}

Mapping

Product ---🡪PRODUCT

Pid-🡪PID (PK)

PName🡪PNAME

Price 🡪PRICE

This mapping we can do using XML or annotation